

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

## county apuratio displum

AT

## COLNEY HATCH,

JANUARY QUARTER SESSION, 1868.

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## Miodegex Countp Lumatic Agulum,

## COLNEY HATCH.

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS APPOINTED BY THE COURT,

January Quarter Session, 1867.

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## To HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES of the PEACE for the COUNTY of MidDLESEX in General Quarter Session Assembled.

The SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT of the COMMITTEE of VISITORS of the County Lunatic Asylum at Colney Hatch.

During the past year the Management of this Asylum has been so slightly marked by any event of special importance that the Committee have but little to report to the Court in addition to the history of the year's proceedings, which is afforded by the Reports of the different Officers in charge of the several Departments, which are annexed to this Report.

The Asylum and Buildings connected with it are in good repair. The conduct of both the Superior and Subordinate Officers with a few exceptions has been good, and the treatment of the Patients has been satisfactory.

Many improvements in lighting, ventilating, and warming the Wards have been effected. Additional comforts in the shape of couches, wash-stands, baths, \&c., have been provided for the Patients, and their means of amusement
have been increased. Lectures, concerts, and theatricals, for the amusement of the Patients, have been continued with great success, and the excursions beyond the boundaries of the Asylum, during the fine weather, have been productive of much pleasure.

A reading-room has been fitted up for the use of the Subordinate Officers and Attendants in each Department.

At the beginning of the past year the mechanics and workmen employed at the Asylum established a friendly society, the members of which are limited to those in the service of the County; and the Committee, being anxious to promote so desirable an object, allowed the members to hold their monthly meetings in a room at the Asylum, which arrangement appeared to be greatly appreciated by them.

The new Bath House for the Female Department is nearly completed, and it is expected that it will prove a very great convenience to the Establishment.

The health of the Patients during the year has been good, notwithstanding the great extremes of temperature. A Male Patient belonging to Edmonton, but admitted from St. Luke's Hospital on the 30th of November last, however, showed symptoms of small pox within a few days after his admission, and the disease broke out in his case, and two Male Attendants and one other Patient were also attacked; every necessary precaution was adopted to prevent the communication of infection to others, the two sick Attendants were sent to the Small pox Hospital and the Patients to a detached building; and the Committee are thankful in being able to state that all are convalescent, and that no more cases are now apprehended by the Medical Superintendent.

In November last, Ann Pearson, a Patient admitted but two days before, committed suicide during the night by rutting her throat with a knife, which she had obtained from the Store Room of the Ward, the door of which had unfortunately been left unlocked by the Nurse in charge, who stated that she had been called away in consequence of a sudden alarm from another Patient. The Committee, however, considered that this Nurse had been culpably negligent, and they called upon her to resign.

It is with much regret that the Committee report the death of Mr. T. H. Chany, for upwards of 14 years the valued and able Clerk of the Asylum. He died, after a short illness, in June last, and the Committee have lost in him a most trustworthy, conscientious, and amiable officer.

The Rev. W. Bullock, the Chaplain, after 7 years service, was compelled to resign his appointment in consequence of incapacity from ill health. In this case the Committee, taking into consideration the apparent impossibility that Mr. Bullock could perform any further duty, granted him a pension of $£ 50$ a year, and the grant has been confirmed by the Court.

Dr. Pearson, the Assistant Medical Officer in the Male Department, and Mr. Simpson, the Dispenser, have also resigned their appointments.

As successors to these Officers, the Committee have made the following appointments :-

Chaplain.-The Rev. Henry Hawkins, late Chaplain at the Sussex County Asyium.
Clerk of the Asylum.-Mr. Robert A. Burrows, late Chief Clerk in the office of Vestry Clerk of St. Pancras.
Assistant Medical Officer.-Dr. Shaw.
Dispenser.-Mr. Greaves.

The Committee have been under the necessity of dismissing some of the Subordinate Officers for misconduct, viz. :-

1 Ward Inspector for immorality.
5 Attendants for absenting themselves without leave, and-

## 2 Attendants for drunkenness.

In the early part of last year the Committee were much harassed by the proceedings taken by the Edmonton Local Board of Health, to restrain the flow of sewage from the Asylum into the channel which had hitherto received it. The arrangement made with that Board, and fully reported to the Court in October last, relieved the Committee from this difficulty, and the $£ 2,000$ granted by the Court for this purpose at the last November Session will be paid over to the Edmonton Board so soon as the necessary arrangements with the Tottenham Local Board of Health shall have been effected, and the works agreed upon shall be commenced.

The attention of the Committee having been directed to an article in the January number of the "Journal of Mental Science," in which there appears an extract from a German publication, containing a statement by a correspondent, in the following words :-
"In the beginning of July I visited Colney Hatch, and "was accompanied round the Asylum by Dr. Sheppard's "Assistant, he, unfortunately, being engaged. Despite " the instructions of the Committee I saw several Maniacal ' Patients, some stark naked, shut in the padded room, " others-these being quiet general paralytics-lying under " a coverlid without a shirt:"

The Committee felt it their duty to inquire of the Medical

Superintendent of the Male Department whether it was true that any such violation of the Rules of the Establishment had taken place, and the following written report made by him and the Assistant Medical Officer shows that the author of the statement could have no justification in making it:-

"January 14th, 1868.

"Gentlemen,
"You have appealed to us as to the accuracy of a state-
${ }^{6}$ ment made by Dr. Carl Westphal in a public journal as "to his having seen Patients shut up in their rooms without "coverings, in this Asylum, at a visit which he made here " on July 4th, 1867.
"The statement is absolutely and entirely untrue, and " admits of no sort of justification.
"All the Patients here are abundantly clothed, and have " every care bestowed upon them.
"Since the discussion which arose upon the subject of " non-clothing of Patients some time ago we have been " particularly careful as to our instructions to the Attendants "upon this matter, and we are persuaded that these " instructions have been fully carried out.
"We are, Gentlemen,
"Your obedient Servants,
(Signed) "EDGAR SHEPPARD, M.D., "Medical Superintendent.
"T. CLAYE SHAW, M.D.,
"Assistant Medical Officer."

The Commissioners in Lunacy have called the attention of the Committee to the urgent and increasing want of further accommodation for the Pauper Lunatics of this County The Committee informed the Commissioners that the recent
legislation with reference to the provision of Asylums for the Insane within the Metropolitan District, had induced the Committee, appointed by the Court a year since, to refrain from proceeding further in their inquiry, as to the need for a third Asylum, until it should be definitely ascertained how far the establishment of the Asylums for the Insane under the Act referred to should affect the question. But the Commissioners still urge the consideration of the matter, and state that these Asylums will not meet the want to which they refer. The Committee, therefore, notified to the Commissioners that they would submit the matter to the special consideration of the Court, and they now invite attention thereto accordingly.

For the further information of the Court, the Committee beg to state that during the past year 45 Males and 87 Females have been refused admission into the Asylum for want of room.

The usual annual visit of inspection was made by two of the Commissioners in Lunacy, who made an entry of their visit in the Visitors' Book, a copy of which is annexed.

The Committee pursued their usual course of conferring with the Medical Superintendents on the various subjects commented upon by the Commissioners, and they then considered the whole. Many of the recommendations have been adopted, others are in course of consideration, and, with regard to some, the experience of the Committee has led them to believe that their adoption would be undesirable.

The reply which was eventually addressed to the Commissioners is annexed.

The weekly rate for the maintenance of Middlesex Patients has been $10 s .6 d$. , and, had it not been for the large rise in the price of flour, the Committee would have been able to fix the present charge at a slightly lower rate. They hope, however, that the reduction in the price of meat and cotton goods may enable them to make some abatement during the current year.

The undernamed members of the Committee will retire pursuant to the Standing Order of the Court, viz. :-

Lord Eustace Cecil.
Messrs. Armstrong.
Kemshead.
Marten.
Rashleigh.
Shepherd.
All which is submitted, \&c.

# WILLIAM H. WYATT, 

 Chairman.Colney Hatch Asylum, January 14th, 1868.

## ADDENDUM.

Since this Report was written a letter has been received from the Commissioners in Lunacy on the subject of the want of additional accommodation for the Pauper Lunatics of this County, which is of such an important and urgent nature that it is appended to this Report.
The communication in question is as follows:-

> (COPY.)

> Office of Commissioners in Lunacy, 19, Whitehall Place, S.W. 14 th January, 1868.

SIR,
To the remarks made in your letter of the 4th ult. upon the Visiting Commissioners' last entry at Colney Hatch Asylum, as to the ambiguity of the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, and the extensive powers thereby given to the Poor Law Board, I send, by way of reply, an extract from an official communication lately made to this Office by that Board.

The Commissioners trust that its perusal will give as much satisfaction to the Committee of Visitors of your Asylum as to themselves, and that now indeed every exertion will be made on the part of the Magistrates of Middlesex to provide that accommodation for the Lunatics of the County, which can no longer be delayed in justice to the poor or safety to the public.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { I am, Sre, } \\
& \text { Your obedient Servant. }
\end{aligned}
$$

(Signed) CHARLES PALMER PIIILLIDS, Secretary.
J. S. Skaife, Esq.

## ENCLOSURE.

> Extract from letter from Poor Law Board to the Commissioners in Lunacy, dated Srd January, 1868.

The Board consider that the Legislature intended that those Asylums should be provided for such harmless and imbecile cases only, as can by law be retained in workhouses, and they have never contemplated the removal or reception into them of persons who have been deemed " unfit for treatment in workhouses."

The Board trust that, after this explicit statement, the Magistrates for the County of Middlesex will not feel any hesitation in providing such further accommodation, as may be necessary, for the Patients now requiring admission into the Asylum at Colney Hatch, and the Board regret that any delay should have occurred in consequence of a misapprehension of the subject on the part of the Magistrates.

## APPENDIX No. 1.

## ENTRY MADE BY THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY AT THEIR VISIT OF INSPECTION.

## Colney Hatch Asylum; 8th Nov., 1867.

There are to-day in this Asylum 2,039 Patients, 825 Males and 1,214 Females. Our visit to the latter was made on the 25 th and 26 th of October; but the illness of one of the undersigned has delayed, until yesterday and to-day, our visit to the Male Division, and to the various workshops and offices. We have now gone over every part of the Asylum, and seen all the Patients.

Since the visit completed on the 17 th of November in last year, there have been 310 admissions, 132 discharges, and 177 deaths, the proportion of Males and Females being, under the first head, 150 and 160 ; under the second, 61 and 71 ; and under the third, 87 and 90 . Of these discharges, all had recovered, excepting 10 Males and 15 Females. There were two deaths in the Male Division from accidental suffocation while eating; inquests having been also held in two other cases in that division from epileptic seizures, and in two similar cases in the Female Division; but with these exceptions, there was nothing in the deaths calling for remark. The principal causes were general and ordinary paralysis, epilepsy, pthisis, pneumonia, and bronchitis, exhaustion after mania, and general decay. The mortality has been lower than usual among the Females,
and higher among the Males; but this may be partly accounted for by the fact that a larger number of feeble and hopeless cases have been admitted in the Male than in the Female Division during the past year.

Both divisions, it is hardly necessary to say, have more than their complement of inmates; while, in the interval, since our colleagues were here, applications for admission have had to be refused in 180 instances on the Men's and 200 on the Women's side. As vacancies occur, three beds in the former and four in the latter are directed to be reserved for acute cases, but these are filled as rapidly as the opportunity arises. It is matter for regret in such circumstances that, owing to the enactment of the Metropolitan Poor Bill, nothing should yet have been done by the Committee of Middlesex Magistrates appointed to consider how best to provide additional lunatic accommodation for the County. No such provision was contemplated to be made by the Asylum clauses of the Metropolitan Poor Act, and it will not in our opinion be found practicable under them. We therefore desire again most urgently to bring before the Committee of this Asylum the propriety of losing no further time in consulting with the other Magistrates of the County as to the character of the accommodation that would sufficiently meet the want, and the kind of buildings by which it would be most promptly and most economically supplied.

Generally, in both divisions, at the times of our visit the Patients were quiet and unexcited to a degree, especially in the Male division, we cannot remember to have observed on any former occasion. Much has been done of late years in the wards occupied by the better class, by additional furniture and decoration, as well as a better supply of reading and indoor amusements, to relieve the dullness and gloom of
the old building; and though the structural changes from time to time suggested at our visits have as yet been adopted in but a very slight degree, additional light has been supplied lately with good effect to some of the corridors and dormitories. General entertainments have also been more liberally provided, and there have been more excursions beyond the Asylum boundary. There are unfortunately in both divisions many wards to which these improvements have had little application, where the gloom remains unlightened, where the commonest comforts of furniture are still absent, where the only seats are fixed wooden settles or long unbacked benches, and where every attempt to amuse or enliven the inmates has been given up as hopeless altogether, and a trial of the very easiest occupation for any of them is held to be impracticable. Yet we noticed improvement in so far as the absence of noise and disorder deserves to be so characterized, in these worst wards also ; and there can be no doubt that here, as everywhere, the system organized three or four years ago, whereby each ward was brought under the regular supervision of attendants and nurses of a higher class than those having immediate charge of its inmates, has worked well. In the Male Wards there is a much smaller proportion of unsightly and leather-locked dresses than used to be in them; and the records of seclusion on that side appear to be a still more striking diminution. Three years ago when there were 30 Male Patients less than at present, 1,093 instances were reported applicable to 220 individuals; whereas the returns for the past year show only 158 occasions of seclusion, aud but 72 were secluded. In the Female Division the contrast is less marked. There we have to report 822 instances, and 169 Women secluded since the last visit, the numbers in the Female Wards being now 50 more than when we had to record, three years ago, 985 instances applicable to 180 Women. Restraint by
means of gloves is applied to some of the most destructive of the Male Patients, 8 having been so restrained since the last visit for periods varying from ten days to six months, and five more having been similarly treated for surgical purposes. Three men had these gloves on during our visit.

The Wards generally we found in excellent order; the dormitories and single rooms, with but a few exceptions. were pure and well ventilated; the beds throughout were clean and well attended to. The Male Patients still sleeping' on sacking stretchers, without mattresses, are said to be 58 , and the Females 49, numbers which it is desirable should be further reduced; and as to this class of cases, it must be added that some of the rooms occupied by them smelt offensively during our visit, owing to the absence of any oil-cloths or other impermeable covering on the floors, which we strongly recommend should be supplied. The numbers of wet and dirty returned last night were 28 among the Men, of which 12 were dirty; and 73 among the Women, 20 of them being dirty. An additional bath has been placed in two of the Wards; and on the female side, with a view to give effect to what was suggested at the last visit in comnection with the insufficiency of the bathing arrangements, a general bath room is being constructed. We again strongly recommend that full instructions for the guidance of attendants in their duties in this respect should be placed in every bath room, and that the water should be changed for every Patient.

Adverting to other matters then brought under notice and to changes since made, we have to state that some additional windows and door panels of glass have been supplied since that visit; that in three of the lobbies, connecting wards, asphalte floors have been replaced by encaustic tiles; that there has been a little more planting
of trees and placing of seats in airing courts, as well as additions to the furniture, pictures, and means of amusement in the better wards ; that more Patients from both divisions have been taken for exercise beyond the grounds; that Dr. Sheppard's praiseworthy arraugements for readings, lectures, and other associated entertainments have been further extended; and that Mr. Marshall has greatly improved the dining arrangements as recommended last year. Besides the ward dinner, there are two general tables for the Women, one in the smaller of the two recreation halls, where we saw 240 assembled to-day, and the other in the laundry-hall, where 130 were dining. The Male Patients dine wholly in their wards. All the dinners were fairly served, and the provisions seemed good and ample.

One subject on which remark has been made at every Commissioners' visit, but as yet without obtaining for it the attention which, above almost every other, it requires, is that of regular employment for the Male Patients. Out of the 825 , there is not an average of more than 40 engaged on the land and 50 in the workshops; while in the tailors' and shoemakers' shops there are almost as many paid workmen as working patients. The services of the Female Patients are made available in a larger proportion in laundry and neediework; but here also those employed have no due proportion to the entire number. Once more, therefore, we urgently recommend that the employment of the Patients generally be re-organized, and extended by the service of skilled attendants, and other means found to have worked successfully in other large County Asylums, so as to include some simple and easy occupations for even the imbecile and demented class. Whatever increased outlay might attend the first provision of such regular and systematic instruction as we have in view in these remarks
would be found excellent economy in the long run. Some amusements should also be introduced into the worst wards -bagatelle boards and decent comforts of furniture.

Having to see yesterday and to-day the ten or a dozen Patients admitted into the Female Wards since the latter were first seen in this visit, we had to enter again for the purpose several Wards; and we think it would be on all accounts desirable for the proper special observation of every case on admission that there should be receiving wards, in which they might be kept for a time under view. Observing also in going through the Male Wards that in one containing 32 inmates, 12 idiot children were placed, we would suggest the propriety of removing these children from association with the adults, and putting them in a separate ward under charge of female nurses. We are further strongly of opinion that employment of the wives of married attendants in some of the Male Wards appropriated to the sick and infirm would be extremely beneficial. Under medical treatment for bodily disorders in those wards there are at present 25 Patients, and in the Female Division 160 are entered as now taking medicine, the most part for slight ailments. In bed to-day on the male side there were 15 , and on the female side 46 . But there were not many very seriously ill. As to other points of statutory inquiry, we found that the average number now attending chapel were 270 Men and 367 Women; and that not more than 300 altogether, including both sexes attended the general entertainments. As to the dress and personal appearance of the Patients generally in both divisions, we may add that it was on the whole satisfactory; but it would be very advantageous if arrangements could be made for changing the body linen of the Men twice a-week.

The number of attendants and the various grades into
which they are classed remain as at the last visit. In the Male Division the changes have since been considerable, and last month seven, including one of the Inspectors, received prompt and proper dismissal for grave violations of the rules of the Asylum. We notice, on the other hand, with much satisfaction, the desire of the Committee to promote the comfort of this important class of Officers, indicated by the resolutions lately adopted to establish general reading-rooms for them in both divisions.

No alteration has taken place in the plan substituted for that of the ordinary Case Book remarked upon in the last entry; but we think that if its advantages were much greater than they appear to be, the labour imposed by it on the Medical Officers should render imperative its discontinuance. The opinion frequently expressed by us that additional help, and not increased duties, should be given to both the Medical Superintendents of this Asylum, we continue to entertain; and our sense of the zeal and efficiency with which those duties are discharged by Mr. Marshall, Doctor Sheppard, and their assistants, as well as of the excess of labour and responsibility involved in such discharge of them, has been greatly strengthened by our present visit.
(Signed) JOHN FORSTER.
JAMES WILKES.

## APPENDIX No. 2.

## LETTER TO THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY ON THE SUBJECT OF THE FOREGOING ENTRY.

Middlesex County Lunatic Asylum, Colney Hatch, 4th December, 1867.

Sir,
I am directed by the Committee of Visitors of the County Lunatic Asylum at Colney Hatch to inform you that they have read, with careful attention, the remarks made by the two Commissioners in Lunacy, on the occasion of their recent visit to the Asylum, and they are pleased to find that, as a whole, the inspection appears to have afforded satisfaction to the Commissioners.

The rost important matter on which the Visiting Commissioners have requested the attention of the Committee of Visitors is undoubtedly the fact that during the current year a large number of Patients has been refused admission to the Asylum for want of room. The Commissioners are aware that the Magistrates for the County of Middlesex were considering the necessity of providing further accommodation when the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, was first introduced. This Act so far altered the state of affairs, that the Magistrates felt it would be unwise to proceed with the consideration of the subject until it was shown how far the Asylums to be provided under that Act would supply the required accommodation; and the Committee of Visitors are satisfied that it would be useless on their part to move the Cou't of Quarter Sessions to
incur a further outlay until this question has received a more decided settlement.

The Committee agree with the Commissioners in thinking that the framers of the Act referred to did not intend ordinary Lunatics to be received into these new Asylums; but the wording of the Act is so ambiguous, and the powers given to the Poor Law Board to issue orders and regulations are so extensive, that it is impossible to tell to what extent the existing Asylums may be relieved of Patients thereby. It might, in the opinion of the Committee, assist the deliberations of the Magistrates were the Poor Law Board to issue at once the Rules and Regulations under which it is intended that the new Asylums should be worked.

In reply to the further observations of the Commissioners, the Committee have directed me to state their opinions to be as follow :-

1. Additional furniture and increased amusements for the more violent Wards.-They have given to the Medical Superintendents copies of the Commissioner's' remarks on this head, with an intimation that they will be ready to consider any applization which those gentlemen may think fit to make thereon; due regard being had to the safety of the class of Patients occupying such wards, and the fact that this is ertirely a Pauper Asylum.
2. Patients without Mattresses and Oil Cloth for the floors.-The supply of Mattresses rests entirely with the Medical Superintendents, whose attention has been directed to this subject. The suggestion as to Oil Cloth for the flooring of rooms occupied by dirty Patients commends
itself to the Committee, and instructions will be given to provide such appliances.
3. Buthing. - When the separate Bathing Establishment on the Female side shall be completed, the Committee hope that it may be practicable to supply each Femate Patient with fresh water. If great convenience shall be found to arise from having the baths separate from the wards, the Committee will consider the expediency of providing similar accommodation for the Male Patients.
4. More frequent change of body linen.-This the Committee think is quite unnecessary. Dirty Patients are supplied with changes whenever they require them, and ordinary Patients at least once in every week: this is certainly as much as those of the same class of society are accistomed to, when supporting themselves by their own labour; and, were the Committee disposed to provide the Patients with needless comforts and luxuries of this kind, the strain on their Laundry, where now upwards of 25,000 articles are washed weekly, would prevent their doing so.
5. Increased empligment of Patients.-This is a subject to which the Committee are constantly urging the attention of the Medical Superintendents, and I am now directed to furnish the remarks of those gentlemen on the observations of the Commissioners which were duly forwarded to them.

## Dr. Sheppard remarks as follows :-

"Upon the matter of more extended employment generally, I have had freçuent communications both with the Committee and the Commissioners. Admitting the great disproportion between the employed and the aggregate number of Patients, I have only to repeat that $£$ use
every means to induce those who are fit for employment to engage therein. But I cannot help thinking that those who comment unfavourably upon this disproportion are given to overlook the greatly impaired physical condition of the great majority of the insane received from the eastern and northern parishes of the metropolis. If I know (as of a surety I do) that occupation is one of the best curative agents in the treatment of Insanity, it is obviously to my credit and to my advantage to bring this curative agent into full force.
"The character of our admissions, however, it must be repeated, enables us to draw but very slightly upon the fluctuating section of our inmates for carrying on the process either of trade or farm labour. Referring for a moment to our more fixed population, it must be noticed that indolence is one of the characteristics of Dementia, and that inaptitude for useful employment is often the measure of Imbecility. The general paralytics, of whom we receive :so large a number, are, 19 out of 20 , too mischievous and too uncertain for any sort of occupation. It is worthy of observation-for it may have escaped the motice both of the Committee and of the Commissionersthat the employments and occupations of the Male Patients have a very multiform distribution, and that the two trades which we cultivate, though so common in the outside world, can claim but very few trained hands from our admissions-198 Patients admitted in 1866 were classified under as many as 78 different occupations, and of 24 we could get no reliable particulars. It is very remarkable that of these 198 , out of a London population, there were only three tailors and two shoemakers; of these three tailors, one was paralysed and helpless, one refused to work, and one has been useful, is now convalescent,
and will be discharged to-morrow. Of the two shoemakers one was paralysed and helpless, and the other was only in the Asylum two months when he was discharged recovered. Of 152 Patients admitted during the present year there are threc tailor's, one of them has been useful since his admission ten weeks ago, one of them has been dangerous and destructive since the day of his arrival, the remaining one is helpless and demented. Of these 152 admissions two are shoemakers, one of them was so broken down by reason of too close application to his trade, that it was not wise to employ him at it while here. His rest and relaxation have effected his cure, and he was discharged a month ago. The other has been lost and demented since his admission, and we have not been able in any way to utilize him. During the present year likewise I have been compelled to withdraw two of our old Patients from the shoemakers' shop, who had long been usefully employed there, by reason of their suicidal tendencies. So much in reference to those trades to which a superficial observer might naturally and at once suppose we could contribute a large number of trained Patients, both from our long resident and more recent inmates. With reference to 'out-door employment,' I am unable to explain, save upon the theory of disease, the unwillingness of so many to engage in it. The material inducements to work are pressed upon the reluctant, together with the assurance that their own health and their own restoration to liberty are in a large measure dependent upon their own useful occupation. Occasionally Patients are brought in** by the out-door Attendants, whom I had hoped might be permanently employed upon the farm or in the airing courts and gardens; I am unwilling to suppose, for I have no sufficient reason to believe, that they have not been treated with encouragement and forbearance, but
it is easy to understand how the refractory conduct of one or two Patients may so divert and distract the attention of the person charged with the care of all, as to make him anxious to relieve himself of the responsibility of a troublesome and unwilling few. I hope it is not necessary for me to apologise to the Committee for entering so much at length upon a subject to which my attention is year by year directed. By these details I can only trust to disabuse the minds of themselves and the Commissioners of the idea that I am wanting in my efforts to bring about a large and general occupation of the Patients in every branch of our industrial pursuits. Without a knowledge of the above facts and figures, no just strictures can be made upon the relative disproportion between the industry and the idleness or incapacity of disease."

The following are Mr. Marshall's remarks on this subject:-
"To carry out these suggestions, structural alterations would have to be made in the building to give accommodation for different trades; at present the Patients are employed at needlework only and general household work. The amusements in the Wards appropriated to the demented cases consist in games of different kinds in the evening, also cards and singing, etc., by as many of the Patients who are capable of participating in any kind of amusement. Skipping ropes, long ropes, swings, battledores and shuttlecocks are also provided during the day; increased amusement would be afforded by a moveable hand organ that played lively airs and dance tunes, and a piano for 30 Ward."
6. Receiving Wards.-The Committee do not think that any advantage would be found in haviug separate Wards for the reception of Patients, and the following remarks
from the Medical Superintendents will show that they hold the same opinion.

Dr. Sheppard says-
"'The establishment of a ' Reception Ward' would be of no practical use whatever. It often happens that the Patients (say) admitted to day are obviously and at once unfit for the same Ward as two admitted yesterday. And this may, of course, be said with equal truth of two admitted at exactly the same time. The present arrangements of the Wards admit of new Patients being tentatively if not permanently classified. Wherever they may be placed they claim and receive the immediate and constant attention of the Medical Superintendent and those under him. It should be stated that a large proportion of those admitted being in greatly impaired health, are first placed in the Infirmary for a few days' nursing before they are transferred to the ordinary Wards."

## And Mr. Marshall says-

"As regarding a Reception Ward.-I have not found this necessary during the fifteen years that I have had the honour of holding office in the Establishment, and I have generally classified the Patients from the reception room. When several Patients are admitted, the noisy and violent are separated from the weak and paralysed. The Commissioners were required to visit the two Infirmary Wards, and one in a Ward who was violent and excitable."
7. Separation of Idiot Children under Female Nurses.Hereunder are the remarks of the Medical Superintendent of the Male Department on this head.

Dr. Sheppard says-
"I have carefully considered the establishment of a

Juvenile Ward distinct and separate from the adults, and I am of opinion that it would not be prudent or advantageous. It has been tried before and failed. We have nominally two Juvenile Wards-one (embracing Infirmaries 1 and 2) containing 35 beds, is appropriated to Patients habitually clean, of whom about ten are adults of extremely quiet and harmless dispositions, whose location here relieves the other overcrowded adult Wards, and whose association with the children is by no means undesirable-the other Juvenile Ward (10) contains 35 beds likewise, and is appropriated to wet and dirty Idiotic Children, in the proportion of about two-thirds to one-third of youths and adults. Here again the association of adults with children lessens the monotony of the Ward itself, and relieves the already overcrowded Wards (B 3 and 14) appropriated to adults of unclean habits. Some of the adults in the Juvenile Wards are of great use to the children, and are very kind in amusing and protecting them."
8. Married Women as Nurses in the Male Infirmaries.The Committee incline to the opinion that this step would add to the comfort of the Patients. They forebear, however, to take any step in the matter for the present, out of deference to the strong opinion of the Medical Superintendent of that Department, as expressed in the following Report made by him.

## "Employment of Females in some of the Wards.

"This, in my judgment, would be very undesirable. The two Attendants in charge of the clean Juvenile Ward are singularly well adapted to their work, and are greatly beloved by the children. A similar state of things obtains in the dirty Juvenile Ward; and Head Attendant Blowfield, who supervises these Wards, manifests a kindness
towards and an interest in children, with a special aptitude for managing them which are very remarkable. The present Infirmary Attendants are also kind and gentle. There is much to do in the Male Infirmary of an Asylum, different from the W ard duties of an Hospital, where women associated with men, or even by themselves would be quite out of place."
9. Medical Staff.-The Committee adhere to their former opinion on the sufficiency of the present arrangements, and they are satisfied that, with the assistance which is provided to the Medical Officers, with the numerous and well-paid staff of both superior and subordinate Officers, the Patients may be thoroughly and efficiently cared for, without entailing undue labour on the Medical Department. The Committee, however, are gratined to find that the Commissioners think that these gentlemen perform their duties with both zeal and efficiency, in which praise the Committee, from their constant and close supervision of the Asylum, are able cordially to join.

> I am, Sir,
> $\quad$ Your very obedient Servant, (Signed) JOHN S. SKAIFE,

Clerk.
Charles Palmer Phillips, Esq.,
Secretary to the
Commissioners in Lunacy.
Contract Prices of the Principal Articles of Consumption in each Half－year，and Maintenance Rates，and Corresponding Prices in Six previous Years．

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Account Curreni for the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

$35$


## Lumatic gwulum, Colnty fattj.

## VICTORIA FUND.



## MIDDLESEX COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM, COLNEY HATCH.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE from 1st January to 31st December, 1867.


Submitted to the Committee of Visitors, 14th January, 1868.
WILLIAM H. WYATT, Chairman.

Examined by ṭhe Conmuittec of Accounts, 14th Jaunary, 1868.
W. D. ALEXANDER, Chairman. WM. STUTFIELD.

Averago Weckly Expenditure for cach Patient from Weekly Rate.

|  | quarters ending |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Torethe } \\ \text { Year } \\ \text { 1887. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31st March. | 30th June. | 30 thi Septr | 315 Dec. |  |
| Provisions <br> other Expenses <br> Clothing <br> salaries and Wages <br> Medicine and Ineidentals |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $01011{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 094 | 010 61 | (0) $9{ }^{\text {4 }}$ 42 | 01003 |
| Weekly Rate for the Quarters \& Year, Midllesex Parishes Ditto Parishes in other Counties | $\begin{array}{ll}0 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 14\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0\end{array}$ | (10ccr |  |  |
| Average Number of Patients $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Mrales } \\ \text { Temales } \\ \text { \% }\end{array}\right.$ | 823 1210 | 825 1223 | $\begin{gathered} 825 \\ 1212 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 823 \\ 1215 \end{gathered}$ | 824 121.3 |
| Total ... ... | 2033 | 2038 | 2038 | 20.38 | 20.37 |

## 

## THE ESTABLISHMENT-31st December, 1867.

OFFICERS.

Resident Medical Superin- Per Ann. tendents- $\mathfrak{f}$ s. d.
(a) Mr. W. G. Marshall, Female Department ... $600 \quad 0 \quad 0$
(a) Dr. E. Sheppard, Male ditto
(d) The Rev. H. Hawkins, Chaplain
(c) Mr. R. A. Burrows, Clerk of the Asylum ( $\rho$ )...
(c) Mr. J. S. Skaife, Clerk to Committee of Visitors ...
(a) Mr. G. H. Henderson, Steward ... ... ...
Dr. J. Adam, Assistant Medical Officer, Female Department
Dr. T. C. Shaw, ditto, Male Department
(c) Mr. John Greaves, Apothe-
(c) Mr. R. Quilton, Âssistant
$150 \quad 0 \quad 0$ Clerk (e)

10940
(c) Mr. R. T. Eade, Ässistant Clerk (e)


(a) Lodged, and allowed Coals, Gas, Butter, Milk, and Vegetables. T'he Matrons' washing.
(b) Boarded only.
(c) Neither Boarded nor Lodged
(d) With House and Garden.
(c) Dinner allowed daily.
(f) Lodged and allowed Coals, Gas, Milk, Vegetables, and Beer.

All the others have Board, Lodging, and Washing.

## THE ESTABLISHMENT-continued.



## SERVANTS-FEMALE.


(b) Boarded only.
(c) Neither Boarded nor Lodged.
(d) House, Coals, and Milk.
(e) Dinner allowed daily.

The others have Board, Lodging, and Washing.

## THE ESTABLISHMENT-continued.



The above have Board, Lodging, anả Washing.
ROBT. A. BURROWŚ,
Clerk of the Asylum.

## 

Return of the Number of Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths of Patients during the Year ending 31st December, 1867.

Return of Patients annually admitted into the Asylum，since its opening on the 17th July，1851，to the 31st Dec．， 1867 ， distinguishing the Admissions，Discharges，Deaths，and those now remaining in the Asylum．

| Admitted． |  |  |  | TOTAL． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remaining in Asylum 31st December， 1867. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Discharged． |  |  |  |  |  | Died． |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Cured． |  |  | Relieved or not Improved． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year ending Dec． 31st． | $\frac{\dot{\infty}}{\frac{\dot{\theta}}{z}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ̇ } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ | 室 |  |  | 寅 |  | H E E－4 | 空 |  | H E E E |  | － | E E － |
| 1851 | 411 | 669 | 1，080 | 59 | 81 | 140 | 31 | 105 | 136 | 235 | 306 | 541 | 86 | 177 | 263 |
| 1852 | 354 | 270 | 624 | 93 | 56 | 149 | 59 | 69 | 128 | 175 | 97 | 272 | 27 | 48 | 75 |
| 1853 | 254 | 138 | 392 | 86 | 29 | 115 | 34 | 30 | 64 | 117 | 55 | 172 | 17 | 24 | 41 |
| 1854. | 219 | 111 | 330 | 69 | 31 | 100 | 28 | 17 | 45 | 100 | 41 | 141 | 22 | 22 | 44 |
| 1855 | 151 | 59 | 210 | 43 | 15 | 58 | 21 | 10 | 31 | 76 | 23 | 99 | 11 | 11 | 22 |
| 1856 | 137 | 140 | 277 | 33 | 44 | 77 | 20 | 32 | 52 | 61 | 43 | 104 | 23 | 21 | 4.4 |
| 1857 | 150 | 164 | 314 | 50 | 59 | 109 | 24 | 41 | 65 | 52 | 34 | 86 | 24 | 30 | 54 |
| 1858 | 157 | 145 | 302 | 53 | 58 | 111 | 34 | 38 | 72 | 49 | 24 | 73 | 21 | 25 | 46 |
| 1859 | 380 | 508 | 888 | 91 | 80 | 171 | 36 | 117 | 153 | 178 | 118 | 296 | 75 | 193 | 268 |
| 1860 | 273 | 253 | 526 | 75 | 65 | 140 | 25 | 25 | 50 | 112 | 75 | 187 | 61 | 88 | 149 |
| 1861 | 251 | 272 | 523 | 85 | 79 | 164 | 27 | 34 | 61 | 102 | 66 | 168 | 37 | 93 | 130 |
| 1862 | 205 | 223 | 428 | 66 | 75 | 141 | 14 | 30 | 44. | 80 | 42 | 122 | 45 | 76 | 121 |
| 1863 | 234 | 180 | 414 | 55 | 61 | 116 | 16 | 20 | 36 | 102 | 41 | 143 | 61 | 58 | 119 |
| 1864 | 230 | 174 | 404 | 64 | 54 | 118 | 23 | 17 | 40 | 76 | 35 | 111 | 67 | 68 | 135 |
| 1865 | 242 | 198 | 440 | 52 | 58 | 120 | 16 | 13 | 29 | 98 | 38 | 136 | 66 | 89 | 155 |
| 1866 | 198 | 144 | 342 | 50 | 33 | 83 | 9 | 10 | 19 | 59 | 27 | 86 | 80 | 74 | 154 |
| 1867 | 147 | 159 | 306 | 25 | 23 | 48 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 22 | 18 | 40 | 97 | 118 | 215 |
|  | 993 | 3，807 | 7，800 | ，059 | 901 | 1，960 | 420 | 608 | 1，028 | 1，694 | 1，083 | ，777 | 820 | ，215 | 2，035 |

## $\mathbb{C o l n e y ~}$

Account of Additions, Alterations, and Improvements to Buildings, \&c.., for the Year ending December 31st, 1867.


JOHN WALKER,

## REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT OF THE MALE DEPAR'TMENT.

The crowded state of the Asylum by old chronic cases from the beginning to the close of the year 1867 has necessitated the refusal of many Patients, for whose admission application had been made by the various Parishes in the County of Middlesex. The admissions, therefore, have only numbered 147 , being 51 less than in the previous 12 months.

On January 1st there were 826 registered Male Patients ; on December 31st there were 820 . The total number under treatment has been 973 , against 1,010 in 1866 ; but the daily average has been greater-824, against 818 of the preceding year. The maximum number in 1 day has been 830.

The discharges have been 65 ( 74 in 1866), of which 53 have been classified as "Recovered," 10 "Relieved," and 2 "Not improved." The recoveries have thus been 6.432 per cent. upon the daily average-as large a proportion (though small indeed) as can be expected, when the character of the recent admissions and all our inmates is considered.

The deaths have been 88,22 less than in 1866 -the first quarter of the year claiming 31 , the second quarter 20 , the third quarter 15 , and the fourth quarter 22 . The monthly maximum of deaths (12) occurred in March and October equally ; the minimum (3) in November. General paralysis and epilepsy have manifested their usual fatality. The death rate will thus be 10.67 per cent. upon the daily
average, nearly 3 per cent. less than in the preceding 12 months.

Happily there has been no epidemic•amongst us to decimate this feeble population ; but the outbreak of smallpox within the last month has naturally created much anxiety. Such means as are at our disposal have heen taken for the isolation of the only two cases which have occurred among the Patients. One is already recovered; the other (an idiotic boy) is doing well. The disease in both has been of a modified form-varioloid-occuring, that is, after vaccination. Two Attendants have also taken the disease, and have been moved to the Smallpox Hospital, in the northern outskirt of London.

The number of casualties during the past year has been 649,47 less than in 1866. On 73 days no casualty of any kind took place. And yet, as before stated, the daily average of Patients has been greater than than at any previous time.

The ascertained convulsive seizures associated with that mysterious disease known as epilepsy have reached the high figure of 17,927 , being greater by 1,890 than the last record. By reason of their incurability and their steady increase when once developed, they are the most distressing things which occur in the life of lunacy. They are the cause of the great proportion of our casualties, not only in the sudden falls which accompany the fits themselves, but in the blind and aggressive fury which so often precedes or follows their periodic outbreak.

I have endeavoured, as on former occasions, to discover if there is any relative comection between certain seasons of the year and the frequency of epileptic paroxysms. In

1866 the monthly maximum of fits was attained in April ; in 1867 the maxinum $(1,691)$ was in May. The minimum of the former year was in February, of the latter $(1,366)$ in November.

It is worthy of observation that while, in the year of which we are now reporting, epilepsy, the great factor of casualties, has convulsed its subjects 1,890 times more frequently than in 1866, the casualties have been less by 47. This may be an empirical coincidence, or (which is not improbable) it may be owing to increased vigilance on the part of the Attendants, together with a more trained and accurate knowledge on their part of epileptic characters. Anyhow, the circumstance should be noted.

There have been four Coroner's Inquests upon Patients who have died suddenly. In two cases the verdicts have been "Accidental Death from Suffocation;" in two they have been "Death from Natural Causes."

Again I allude with gratification to the curative agency of the Turkish bath in the treatment of some forms of insanity. 497 times in the past year it has given increased health and enjoyment to nearly 100 Patients. It is very remarkable how they become conscious of its efficacy, though they take it for the first time with fear and trembling. The love of it grows with their growth and strengthens with their strength.

It is a satisfaction also to refer to the number of excursions which have been made by the Male Patients ontside the Asyluin grounds. Eighty-four parties of this kind, including two picnics to Hadley Wood and one to Epping Forest, have embraced 546 of our inmates. These outings relieve the monotony of life to the confirmed Lunatics,
while to the unconfirmed they constitute experimental trials of returning fitness for complete liberty.

Nor have other aids been wanting by which the wellbeing of the Patients has been secured. In addition to the annual summer and winter entertainments, there have been 22 dances, 11 concerts, lectures, and theatrical representations, at which the Male attendances have been 5,230 .

For the present these salutary gatherings are suspended, as a precautionary measure under the existence of a specific disease before alluded to.

No one, I think, can visit these Wards without noticing the yearly improvements, in the way of general decorations and embellishments. Apart from the structural gloom, which is inseparable from some of them, they are all more cheerful-looking than formerly, and present a more homely and attractive appearance. Some of the old Attendants deserve great credit for the manner in which they keep their Wards, and some of the younger ones are giving evidence of a capacity which will one day make them valuable County servants.

With these exceptions, the general conduct of the Attendants has not been as satisfactory as we could desire.

It is to be hoped that the opening of the Reading Room for the Attendants will be to them in every seuse a benefit, and to the Institution which they have engaged to serve.

The Assistant Medical Officer, Dr. T. Claye Shaw, is a real and valuable help to me in the discharge of my onerous duties.

It may not, strictly speaking, be within my province to allude to any oue who is not, or has not been, immediately
connected with my department; but I should be doing violence to my own feelings if I did not place upon record my sense of the many excellent qualities of the late Clerk to the Asylum. The death of Mr. Chany was a matter of universal regret among the Officers and Servants of this Institution.

I close the sixth year of my labours by again thanking the Committee for their support and assistance.

> EDGAR SHEPPARD, M.D.

January 7th, 1868.

## TABLE I.



## TABLE II.

Combination of Mental Disturbance with Epilepsy in 13 Epileptic Cases admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.
Epilepsy with Mania .. .. .. .. 3
——Dementia .. .. .. 8
Idiocy and Imbecility ... .. 2 Total .. .. .. 13

## TABLE III.

Duration of the Disorder in the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.


## TABLE IV.

## Causes of the Disorder in the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

MORAL.

| Loss of Business | .. | .. | .. | .. | 4 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anxiety . | .. | .. | .. | .. | . | 6 |
| Loss of Sister | . | . | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| Distress and want of | Employment | .. | .. | 2 |  |  |
| Religion | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 |

## PHYSICAL.

| Intemperance | . | - | . |  | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunstroke |  | . | . |  | 3 |
| Injury to Head | - | . | - |  | 2 |
| Epilepsy |  | - | - |  | 9 |
| Congenital | . | - | . |  | 2 |
| Not ascertained | - | - | - |  | 110 |
|  | Total | - | - |  | 147 |

## TABLE V.

Station or Occupation of the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

|  |  |  |  | Brought forward |  |  | 58 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bakers | . |  | 3 | Gunmakers . . |  | . . | 3 |
| Blacksmiths | - | - | 2 | Gardener . . |  |  | 1 |
| Boxmaker | -. | . | 1 | Hair Dresser |  |  |  |
| Bookscller |  | - | 1 | Hawkers |  |  | 5 |
| Brass-fitter . |  | . | 1 | Hatter |  |  |  |
| Bricklayers . . | - | . | 3 | Herbalist . . |  | . | 1 |
| Broker |  |  | 1 | Jcwellers . . |  |  | 3 |
| Butler | - | -. | 1 | Labourers . . |  |  | 20 |
| Butchers .. |  |  | 2 | Licensed Victua | 11 er |  |  |
| Cabinetmaker | - | - | 7 | Lard-refiner |  |  | 1 |
| Cab Drivers. . | . | . | 8 | Letter-carrier |  |  | 1 |
| Chemist | - |  | 1 | Mathematical | Inst | ent |  |
| Carpenter | - | - | 1 | Maker |  | . . | 1 |
| Coachman | . | . | 1 | Ostlers |  | - | 4 |
| Cork-cutter | - | -• | 1 | Porter |  | . | 1 |
| Clerks |  |  | 9 | Plasterers .. |  |  | 2 |
| Coopers |  | . | 2 | Reporter .. |  |  | 1 |
| Cowman |  |  | 1 | Ropemakers |  |  | 2 |
| Coach Painter | - | - | 1 | Seamen . |  | . | 6 |
| Dairyman | . | . | 1 | Silversmith .. |  |  | 1 |
| Dentist |  | . | 1 | Soldiers .. |  | . | 4 |
| Draper's Assistant |  | . | 1 | Shipwrights.. |  | . | 5 |
| Engineers . | . | . . | 3 | Tailors .. |  | . | 3 |
| Feather-maker |  |  | 1 | Wearer |  |  | 1 |
| Farrier | . | . . | 1 | Woodcatter |  | . | 1 |
| Gymmast |  |  | 1 | Waiter |  | . | 1 |
| Grocer |  |  | 1 | Not ascertained |  | . | 18 |
| Gasfitter |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | . | - | $14 \%$ |

## TABLE VI.

Degree of Education of the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1864.
Well Educated .. .. .. .. 13
Can Read and Write .. .. .. .. 87
Uneducated

| .. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 87 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 43 |
| Total | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 147 |

## TABLE VII.

Proportion of the Married, Single, and Widowed of the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.
Married. .. .. .. .. .. 85
Single .. .. .. .. .. .. 44
Widowed . . . .. .. .. 11
Not ascertained .. .. .. .. 7
Total .. .. .. 147

## TABLE VIII.

Religious Persuasion of the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

| Church of England | . | . | - | 55 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Protestants |  | . |  | 41 |
| Church of Rome |  |  |  | 14 |
| Wesleyan Methodists.. | - | - |  | 3 |
| Independents | . | - | - | 4 |
| Baptist.. | - | . | -. | 1 |
| Jew . . | . | - |  | 1 |
| Dissenters | . | . | - | 2 |
| Not ascertained | . | . |  | 25 |
| Total | . |  |  |  |

TABLES IX and X.

Age at the Time of First Attack of Insanity, and of Admission into the Asylum, of the 147 Male Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.


## TABLE XI.

Causes of the Disorder in the 53 Male Patients Discharged Recovered during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

## MORAL.

| Over-Anxiety .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Loss of Business | . | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
| Fright .. .. | .. | .. | . | .. | 1 |
| Loss of Wife .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | 2 |

PHYSICAL.

| Intemperance .. | -• | -• | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over-work | . | -• | -• | . |
| Distress | - | -• | - | -• |
| Injury to Head | - | -• | -• | . |
| Epilepsy | -• | -• | - | . |
| Sensual Excesses | -• | $\cdots$ | . | -• |
| Hereditary | - | -• | - | . |
| Congenital . | -• | - | -• | . |
| Not ascertained | -• | -• | $\cdots$ | . |
|  |  | - | - | - |

## TABLE XII.

Duration of Disease in the 53 Male Patients Discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

Not exceeding 1 Month

| xceeding |  | Month | . | . | . | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 2 | Months | . | . | . | 5 |
| " | 3 | " | - | . | . | 7 |
| " | 4 | " | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 2 |
| " | 5 | " | - | $\cdots$ | .. | 3 |
| " | 6 | " | - | $\cdots$ | - | 2 |
| " | 7 | " | . | $\cdots$ | . | 4 |
| " | 8 | " | . | . | . | 5 |
| " 1 | 10 | " | . | . | . | 3 |
| " 11 | 11 |  | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 |
| ", | 2 | Years | . | . | $\cdots$ | 6 |
| " |  | " | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 2 |
| " | 5 | " | . | . | $\cdots$ | 6 |
| " | 6 | " | $\cdots$ | .. |  | 2 |
| " | 7 | " | $\cdots$ | . | . | 1 |
| " 1 | 15 | " | - | . |  | 1 |
|  |  | Total | .. | . |  | 53 |

## TABLE XIII.

Age of the 53 Male Patients Discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

| From 15 to 20 | Years | . | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 to 25 | " | . | . | . | 6 |
| ", 25 to 30 | " | . | .. |  | 8 |
| , 30 to 35 | " | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 8 |
| " 35 to 40 | " | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 7 |
| " 40 to 45 | " | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 4 |
| „ 45 to 50 | " | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| " 50 to 55 | " | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 7 |
| , 55 to 60 | " | . | - | . | 7 |
| " 60 to 65 | " | . | . | . | 1 |
|  | Total | .. | .. | . | 53 |

## TABLE XIV.

Duration of Treatment of the 53 Male Patients Discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

| Not exceeding 1 | 1 | Month | .. | .. | .. |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $"$ | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| $"$, | 3 | $"$ | .. | .. | . |

## TABLE XV.

Form of the Disease in the 88 Male Patients who have Died during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.


## TABLE XVI.

Duratıon of the Disease in the 88 Male Patients who have Died during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.
Not exceeding 1 Month .. .. .. 3

| , | 2 Months | . | . . | .. 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 3 \% | . | . | . 4 |
| " | 4 , | .. | . | .. 5 |
| " | 5 , | . | . | . 1 |
| " | 7 " | -• | - | .. 2 |
| " | 9 , | -• | . | .. 4 |
| " | 10 " | . | . . | . 2 |
| , | 11 " | . | -• | .. 2 |
| " | 2 Years | . . | -• | .. 18 |
| , | 3 , | . | - | .. 10 |
| " | 4 " | - | - | .. 6 |
| 9 | 5 " | -• | -• | .. 3 |
| , | 6 , | - | . | .. 3 |
| " | 7 \% | - | -• | .. 2 |
| " | 8 , | -• | . | .. 3 |
| , | 10 , | -• | . | .. 2 |
| , | 12 " | -• | -• | .. 1 |
| , | 13 " | . | . | .. 1 |
| " | 16 " | -• | -• | 6 |
| , | 18 " | - | - | . 2 |
| " | 30 " | -• | - | 2 |
|  | Total | -• | -• | .. 88 |

## TABLE XVII.

Ages of the 88 Male Pationts who have Died during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

| From 10 to 15 | Years | . | . | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , 15 to 20 | " | - | - | 4 |
| ,, 20 to 25 | " | . | . | 5 |
| ,, 25 to 30 | " | - | - | -. 7 |
| , 30 to 35 | " | - | - | 12 |
| ,, 35 to 40 | " | - | - | 11 |
| , 40 to 45 | " | - | -• | 12 |
| , 45 to 50 | " | - | - | .. 10 |
| , 50 to 55 | " | . | - | .. 11 |
| , 55 to 60 | " | - | © 0 | 3 |
| ,, 60 to 65 | " | - | -• | . 4 |
| , 65 to 70 | " | . | - | . 2 |
| , 70 to 75 | $"$ | . | -• | .. 1 |
| , 75 to 80 | " | - | .. | 2 |
| , 80 to 85 | " | -• | -• | .. 1 |
| ,, 85 to 90 | " | -• | - | 1 |
|  | Total | -• | -• | . 88 |

## TABLE XVIII.

Duration of Treatment of the 88 Male Patients who have Died during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

Not exceeding 1 Week .. .. .. 2

| \% | 2 Weeks | - | . | - | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | 3 , | - | - | - | 2 |
| 9 | 1 Month | . | . | . | 1 |
| $\because$ | 2 Months | . | - | . | 10 |
| " | 3 , | - | - | - | 2 |
| 9 | 4 " | - | . | . | 3 |
| 9 | 5 " | - | - | - | 1 |
| " | 6 \% | - | - | - | 2 |
| 9 | 7 , | - | - | . | 4 |
| $\%$ | 8 , | - | -• | -• | 2 |
| 9 | 9 » | - | . | - | 2 |
| $\because$ | 10 , | -• | - | . | 3 |
| $\because$ | 11 " | . | . | . | 1 |
| $\because$ | 2 Years | - | - | . | 20 |
| " | $3 \%$ | - | - | . | 6 |
| " | 4 , | - | - | - | 6 |
| 9 | 6 , | . | - | - | 6 |
| , | 8 , | - | - | - | 3 |
| 9 | 9 , | . | - | . | 1 |
| " | 10 " | . | - | -• | 2 |
| 9 | 11 " | - | - | - | 2 |
| 9 | 13 , | - | - | . | 2 |
| " | 14 \% | . | . | - | 1 |
| " | 16 , | -• | - | - | 8 |
|  | Total | . | - | -• | 88 |

## TABLE XIX.

Length of Time the 1,694 Male Patients who have Died from the Opening of the Institution to the 31st December, 1867, were under Treatment in the Asylum.
Not exceeding 1 Week .. .. .. 38
2 Weeks .. .. .. 52
3 , .. .. .. 22
4 , .. .. .. 153
2 Months . . .. .. 79
3 , .. .. .. 149
4 ", .. .. .. 51
5 , .. .. .. 46
6 , .. .. .. 129
7 , .. .. .. 26
3 ., .. .. .. 24
$9 \quad$, .. .. .. 114
10 , .. .. .. 31
11 , .. .. .. 13
1 Year .. .. .. 103
2 Years .. .. .. 258
3 , .. .. .. 117
4 , .. .. .. 77
5 " .. .. .. 33
6 , .. .. .. 46
7 , .. .. .. 23
8 , .. .. .. 20
9 , .. .. .. 22
10 , .. .. .. 15
11 , .. .. .. 13
12 , .. .. .. 7
13 , .. .. .. 10
14 ,, .. .. .. 11
15 , .. .. .. 2
16 , .. .. .. 8
Total .. .. .. 1,694

## TABLE XX.

> Causes of the 88 Deaths of Male Patients in the Year ending December 31st, 1867.
General Paralysis and Exhaustion ..... 24
Exhaustion ..... 19
Phthisis Pulmonalis ..... 6
Epilepsy ..... 17
Senile Decay ..... 3
Maniacal Exhaustion ..... 6
Apoplexy ..... 2
Asphyxia ..... 2
Epilepsy and Exhaustion ..... 2
Pneumonia ..... 2
Hydrothorax and Exhaustion ..... 1
Suppurative Exhaustion ..... 1
Gangrene of Lungs ..... 1
Ascites ..... 1
Pesitonitis ..... 1Total .. .. .. 88

## TABLE XXI.

Form of Disease in the cases of the 820 Male Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.


## TABLE XXII.

Duration of Insanity in the 820 Male Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.

| Not excee | g 1 | Month | . | . | . 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | 2 | Months | . . | . | .. 19 |
| " | 3 | " | . | - | .. 12 |
| " | 4 | , | - | . . | . 6 |
| " | 5 | " | -. | - | .. 4 |
| " | 6 | , | . | - | .. 16 |
| " | 7 | " | . | - | . 5 |
| " | 8 | , | - | . | .. 12 |
| " | 9 | " | - | . | .. 4 |
| " | 10 | " | . | . | .. 7 |
| $"$ | 11 | " | . | . | .. 14 |
| " | 1 | Year | . | . | - 26 |
| " | 2 | Years | . | . | . 25 |
| " | 3 | " | -. | - | - 45 |
| " | 4 | " | . | - | 53 |
| " | 5 | " | . | - | 54 |
| " | 6 | " | - | - | .. 53 |
| " | 7 | $"$ | . | . | . 18 |
| " | 8 | " | - | - | .. 20 |
| " | 9 | $"$ | - | . | .. 29 |
| " | 10 | " | - | . | . . 14 |
| " | 11 | " | - | . . | - 11 |
| " | 12 | " | . | - | 8 |
| " | 13 | " | - | - | . 6 |
| " | 14 | " | . | . | .. 10 |
| " | 15 | " | . | . | .. 16 |
| " | 16 | " | - | - | .. 6 |
| " | 17 | 9 | . | . | .- 2 |
| " | 18 | " | - | - | . 3 |
| " | 19 | " | - | . . | .. 2 |
| 9 | 20 | " | - | . . | 2 |
| 9 | 21 | " | -• | -• | .. 2 |
|  |  | Carried | rw | . | .. 510 |


| Not excceding 22 |  | Broug | or |  |  | 510 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Years | . | - |  | 3 |
| " | 23 | " | - | . |  | 4 |
| " | 24 | " | . | - |  | 2 |
| " | 25 | " | . | - |  | 2 |
| " | 26 | " | - | - |  | 2 |
| " | 27 | " | . | . |  | 2 |
| " | 28 | " | . | - |  | 1 |
| " | 29 | " | . | . |  | 2 |
| " | 30 | " | - | - |  | 1 |
| " | 31 | " | . | - |  | 2 |
| " | 32 | " | - | . |  | 2 |
| " | 33 | " | - | - |  | 3 |
| " | 35 | " | - | . |  | 1 |
| " | 39 | " | - | - |  | 1 |
| " | 40 | " | - | . |  | 1 |
| " | 41 | " | - | - |  | 2 |
| " | 43 | 9 | $\cdots$ | - |  | 3 |
| " | 44 | " | . | . . |  | 2 |
| " | 45 | " | - | - |  | 1 |
| " | 47 | " | - | - |  | 1 |
| " | 50 | " | - | -• |  | 2 |
| " | 51 | " | - | - |  | 1 |
| " | 53 | " | - | $\bigcirc$ |  | 1. |
| " | 54 | " | - | . | - | 1 |
| " | 58 | " | - | - |  | 1 |
| " | 61 | " | . | - |  | 1 |
|  | 62 | " | . | . . |  | 1 |
| Not ascertained |  | -• | - | $\bullet$ |  | 264 |
|  |  | Total | -• | .. | - | 820 |

## TABLE XXIII.

Ages of the 820 Male Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.

| From | 5 to 10 | Years | . | . | . |  | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\because$ | 10 to 15 | " | - | . | - |  | 20 |
| " | 15 to 20 | " | - | - | - |  | 35 |
| " | 20 to 25 | " | . | - | - |  | 30 |
| " | 25 to 30 | " | . | - | - |  | 120 |
| " | 30 to 35 | " | . | - | - |  | 127 |
| " | 35 to 40 | " | . | . | - |  | 119 |
| 9 | 40 to 45 | 9 | - . | - | - |  | 103 |
| " | 45 to 50 | " | . | - | - |  | 109 |
| " | 50 to 55 | " | . | - | - | - | 58 |
| " | 55 to 60 | " | - | - | - |  | 30 |
| " | 60 to 65 | " | - | . | . |  | 23 |
| " | 65 to 70 | " | - | -• | - | - | 20 |
| " | 70 to 75 | 9 | - | - | . | - | 10 |
| " | 75 to 80 | " | - | . | - | - | 6 |
| , | 80 to 85 | " | . | . | . . | . | 4 |
| Not ascertained |  |  | -• | - | - | - | 3 |
|  |  | To |  | -• | -• | - | 820 |

## TABLE XXIV.

Length of time that the 820 Male Patients, remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867, have been in the Asylum.

| Not excee | g 1 | Month | .. | . | . 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 2 | Months | . | - | .. 10 |
| " | 3 | " | - | - | 11 |
| ; | 4 | \% | - | - | 14 |
| " | 5 | , | . | - | - 15 |
| " | 6 | " | . | - | . 8 |
| " | 7 | " | - | $\cdots$ | 10 |
| " | 8 | " | . | - | 8 |
| " | 9 | " | -• | . | . 6 |
| " | 10 | " | - | -• | .. 11 |
| " | 11 | " | . | . | .. 58 |
| " | 1 | Year | - | - | . 84 |
| " | 2 | Years | - | . | .. 79 |
| " | 3 | " | - | - | . 63 |
| " | 4 | " | - | - | .. 40 |
| " | 5 | , | . | ** | .. 30 |
| " | 6 | " | - | - | .. 32 |
| " | 7 | " | - | - | .. 36 |
| " | 8 | $"$ | - | . | .. 28 |
| " | 9 | " | - | - | -. 32 |
| " | 10 | " | - | - | .. 33 |
| " | 11 | " | . | - | .. 36 |
| " | 12 | " | - | - | .. 32 |
| " | 13 | " | - | - | .. 41 |
| " | 14 | " | - | $\cdots$ | .. 57 |
| " | 15 | " | - | -• | .. 35 |
|  |  | Total | - | - | .. 820 |

# MEDICAL REPORT OF TIIE FEMALE DEPARTMENT. 

## TO THE VISITING JUSTICES OF THE COLNEY Hatcil lunatic asylum, Middlesex.

December 31st, 1867.
Gentlemen,
I again have the honour in laying before you the customary yearly Report upon the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths of Patients that have taken place in this department of the Institution.

There remained on the books on January 1st, 1867-
Female Patients .. .. .. 1,210
Admitted during the year .. .. 159
Total under care and treatment . . 1,369
Of whom there have been discharged-
Recovered . . . . . 52
Reliever . . . . . 14
Not Improved .. .. 2
Died .. .. .. 86

Total Discharged and Died .. .. 154
Remaining on the books on December 31st, 1867 (including three Patients on trial).

1,215

The daily average number is 1,212 .

Of the 159 Patients admitted there have been discharged-

| Recovered | .. | .. | .. | .. | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Died .. | . | .. | .. | .. | 18 |
| Remaining on the books | .. | .. | 118 |  |  |

The mental disease from which the Patients chiefly suffered were Mania, Imbecility, Melancholia, and Recurrent Mania.

The greater number were in a very debilitated bodily condition. Fourteen were affected with Epilepsy. Fortyone liad had previous attacks of mental excitement, and had been under treatment in other Institutions. Seven were cases of re-admission into this Asylum, thus increasing the number of incurable cases to 1,182 , leaving only 33 Patients who can be considered curable.

Of the 52 cases discharged as recovered, 23 , or nearly one-half were of this year's admission, thus showing the benefit of early treatment in mental diseases.

The Deaths have been 86, or rather more than 7 per cent. upon the daily average number, which cannot be considered large considering the chronic diseases from which many of the Patients have suffered, and the number of years that many have been in confinement.

The causes of the Deaths were chiefly from Pulmonary Consumption, Paralysis, General Paralysis, Natural Decay, Epilepsy, and Bronchitis. It was necessary to have inquests upon three of the Patients, viz., upon two who were found dead in bed from Epilepsy. The third was upon a Patient who unfortunately committed suicide. Particulars of each case were fully inquired into, and were
fully reported upon at the time to the Committee. This case of suicide being only the fourth in the fifteen years, during which period more than three thousand eight hundred female Patients have been under treatment, will, I trust, prove the general watchfulness bestowed by the Attendants in their arduous duties, although in this instance the Nurse failed.

The chief accidents that have occurred have been two fractured fore-arms and one fractured left arm, from falling down accidentally. The Patients have quite recovered from their injuries. The Committee inquired into each case, and no blame could be attributed to any one.

Three Patients escaped-two from the grounds, and one from an Attendant while in London. They were soon retaken and brought back to the Asylum.

It is pleasing to report favourably upon the general health of the inmates, there not occurring during the year any diseases of an epidemic nature, although there are usually from 40 to 60 Patients confined to their beds daily, chiefly from Debility, Paralysis, Phthisis, Epilepsy, Ulcers, \&c.

One Patient came in pregnant and was safely delivered of a female child, which was removed by the parochial authorities.

The Convalescent Home continues to be appreciated by the Patients placed there prior to their being sent home again to their friends.

The extended use of the Turkish Bath during the past year has proved very beneficial in many cases of Dementia ensuing Puerperal Mania; also in cases of Melancholia
several of the Patients who were discharged attributed their recovery to this remedial agent.

The increased painting and decorating of the Wards and Passages have contributed to the comfort of the Patients and cheerfulness of the building. The removal of portions of the asphalte flooring at the entrance of the Wards and substituting coloured tiles have made these Passages much cleaner. The lighting the associated dormitories with gas at night has also given greater safety to the Patients.

The Summer Entertainment was much enjoyed by the Patients from their again being allowed to invite their own friends and relatives to spend the afternoon in the field and participate in the amusements provided by the Committee.

The Gardens allotted to Patients are also much appreciated by them, and additional pleasure is given to occupiers of the plots of ground by their being able to make small presents to the infirm inmates.

During the fine weather walking parties were sent out into the neighbouring villages. Many of the Patients have also gone to London to visit places of amusement, and to the Crystal Palace; also to spend the day with their relatives in care of an Attendant.

The Amusements for the Patients in the evenings consist in music, dancing, \&c., games of different kinds in their respective airing grounds. During the Summer there were tea parties, in the field, of those Patients who were not able to participate in the general entertainment. During the Winter months Patients of both sexes assemble frequently
for various kinds of recreation, provided by my colleague and fellow Officers.

It remains for me to commend the conduct of the Nurses for their forbearance with their Patients and general attention to their work.

I have much pleasure in acknowledging the ready co-operation of my fellow Officers in aiding me in my duties, and I have to thank the Committee for their counsel in assisting me in my office.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,<br>Your most obedient Servant, W. G. MARSHALL, Medical Superintendent, Female Department.

## TABLES OF THE FEMALE PATIENTS FOR THE YEAR 1867.

## TABLE I.

Form of the Disease in the cases of the 159 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.


TABLE II.
Combination of Mental Diseases with Epilepsy in Epileptic cases admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

|  |  |  |  | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| With Mania ..$\begin{array}{ll} " & \text { Melancholia } \\ " & \text { Imbecility } \\ ", & \text { Dementia } \end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 5 |
|  | .. | .. | $\cdot$ | 1 |
|  | . | .. | $\cdots$ | 6 |
|  | .. | .. | .. | 1 |
|  | .. | .. | . | 1 |
|  | . | .. | $\cdots$ | 14 |

TABLE III.
Duration of the Disorder in the 159 cases admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

|  |  |  |  | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not exceeding 1 Month.. | -• | . | . | 78 |
| ,, 2 Months | . | - | . | 19 |
| " 3 ", | . | . | . | 6 |
| " 4 " | . . | . | . | 3 |
| " 5 , | . | . | .. | 1 |
| \% 6 | . | . | . | 5 |
| " 7 \% | . | . | . | 3 |
| " 8 " | . | . | . | 2 |
| $" \quad 9 \quad "$ | . | . | . | 2 |
| " 1 Year | . | . | . | 2 |
| ,, 2 Years | . | . | . | 12 |
| " 3 " | . . | . | . | 3 |
| " 4 | . | . | . | 1 |
| " 5 ." | . | . | . | 2 |
| " 7 \% | . | . | . | 1 |
| " 8 , | . | . | . | 1 |
| " 90 " | . . | . | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| " 10 " | - | . . | . | 1 |
| " 11 , | - | - | - | 1 |
| " 13 " | -• | - | . | 1 |
| " 15 " 21 | - | - | - | 1 |
| From Birth .. " | - |  | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| Not ascertained | .. | -. | $\ldots$ | 11 |
| Total | -• | -• | . | 159 |

TABLE IV.

Causes of the Disorder in the 159 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

FEMALES.


## TABLE V.

Occupations of the 159 Patients admitted during the Year ending. December`31st, 1867.

FEMALES.

|  |  | Brought forward | 94 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Book-folders | 2 | Wife of Clothier | 1 |
| Charwomen | 4. | " Coachman . | 1 |
| Cloth Cap Maker | 1 | ", Compositor | 1 |
| Cooks .. . | 2 | Cutter in India- $\}$ | 1 |
| Domestic Servants | 37 | rubber Fattory $\}$ |  |
| Dressmakers | 6 | French Polisher . | 1 |
| Governesses | 4 | Gardener | 1 |
| Hawker | 1 | General Dealer | 1 |
| Housekeeper | 1 | House Decorator | 1 |
| Lucifer Box Maker | 1 | ,, Journeyman Baker | 1 |
| Mangler | 1 | \% Labourers.. .. | 10 |
| Milliner | 1 | Lockman at Docks | 1 |
| Needlewomen . . | 11 | Painters .. .. | 3 |
| Prostitutes | 2 | ", Plate Layer | 1 |
| Tailoresses .. | 3 | ,, Pocket-book Maker | 1 |
| Washerwomen | 5 | ", Postman .. | 1 |
| Widow of Baker | 1 | ", Printer .. .. | 1 |
| Wife of Accountant | 1 | Professor of Music | 1 |
| , Brewer's Porter | 2 | ," Sawyer .. | 1 |
| ", Bricklayer | 1 | ", Shipwright | 1 |
| \% Cab Drivers | 2 | ,, Shoemaker | 1 |
| ,, Carmen . . | 2 | ,, Tailor | 1 |
| " Carpenter .. | 1 | " Traveller .. | 1 |
| " Cheesemonger's | 1 | ", Whip Maker | 1 |
| Porter . . |  | Not ascertained | 31 |
| " Chemist |  | Total |  |
| Carried forward | 94 |  |  |

TABLE VI.

Degree of Education of the 159 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

|  |  | Females. |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Well educated .. | .. | 9 |  |
| Can read and write | .. | 74 |  |
| " read | .. | .. | 56 |
| Uneducated | .. | .. | 20 |
|  | Total | .. | .. |

TABLE VII.
Proportion of the Married,
Single, and Widows of the 159 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

|  | females. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Married | 62 |
| Single .. | 68 |
| Widows | 23 |
| Not stated | 6 |
| Total | 159 |

TABLE VIII.

Religion of the 159 Patients admitted during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

|  |  | FEMALES |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Established Church | .. | 56 |  |
| Protestants | .. | .. | 64 |
| Roman Catholics | .. | 16 |  |
| Baptists | .. | .. | 4 |
| Hebrews | .. | .. | 3 |
| Wesleyans | .. | .. | 3 |
| Presbyterian | .. | .. | 1 |
| Dissenters | .. | .. | 2 |
| Not stated | .. | .. | 10 |
| Total | .. | .. | 159 |

## TABLES IX and X.

Age at the time of the First Attack of Insanity, and of admission into the Asylum of the 159 Female Patients admitted during tne Year ending December 31st, 1867.

| AGE. |  | First Attack. | Admission. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From Birth to 5 Years | . | 1 | - |
| ,, 10 to 15 , | . | 6 | 1. |
| , 15 to 20 , | . | 13 | 10 |
| , 20 to 25 , | . | 25 | 25 |
| , 25 to 30 , | . | 26 | 21 |
| , 30 to 35 , | - | 16 | 24 |
| , 35 to 40 , | . | 15 | 18 |
| , 40 to 45 , | . | 9 | 11 |
| , 45 to 50 | - | 8 | 11 |
| " 50 tu 55 , | - | 10 | 12 |
| , 55 to 60 , | . | 1 | 3 |
| , 60 to 65 , | . | 4 | 5 |
| " 65 to 70 , | . | 5 | 6 |
| , 70 to 75 " | . | 2 | 2 |
| , 75 to 80 , | . | 1 | 3 |
| Not ascertained . . |  | 17 | 7 |
| Total |  | 159 | 159 |

## TABLE XI.

Causes of the Disorder in the 52 Cases discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

FEMALES.


Moral .. .. .. .. 9
Physical.. .. .. .. 14
Not ascertained .. :. 29

## TABLES XII, XIII, XIV, and XV.

Form of the Disease, Duration of the Disease on Admission, Age and Length of Time under Treatment in the Asylum, in the Cases of the 52 Patients discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

TABLE $\times$ XII.

| Form of Disease. | Females. | Age. | Females |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | From 10 to 15 years | 1 |
| Mania ${ }_{\text {, }}^{\text {Recurrent }}$ | 21 6 | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { ", } & 15 \text { to } 20 & 20 & \text { to } 25\end{array}$ | 8 13 |
| ", Puerperal | 7 | ", 25 to 30 ", .. | 7 |
| Melancholia .. | 13 | ", 30 to 35 " .. | 6 |
| ", Recurrent | 2 | ", 35 to 40 ", .. | 8 |
| Imbecility | 3 | " 40 to 45 " .. | 1 |
|  |  | " 45 to 50 " . | 3 |
|  |  | " 55 to 60 " . | 2 |
| Total | 52 | " 75 to 80 \% • | 1 |
|  |  | Total.. | 52 |

TABLE XIII.

| Duration of Disease. | Females. | Duration of Treatment. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not excecding 1 month   <br> 3 3 months  <br> $"$ 6 ,$"$ <br> $"$, 1 year  <br> Unknowz .. .. <br> Total .. .. | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 9 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ \hline 52\end{array}$ | Not excceding 1 month   <br> $"$ 2 months  <br> $"$ 3 $"$ <br> $"$ 6 $"$ <br> $"$ 9 $"$ <br> $"$ 1 year <br> $"$ 2 years <br> $"$ 3 $"$ <br> $"$ 4 $"$ <br> $"$ 7 $"$ <br> $"$ 7 $"$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 19 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Total .. .. | 52 |

## TABLES

In continuation of Tables XII, XIII, XIV, and XV, showing the Occupation, Religion, Education, and Social Condition of the 52 Patients discharged Cured during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.


## TABLES XVI, XVII, XVIII, and XIX.

Similar Tables in the Cases of the 86 Patients who have Died during the Year ending December 31st, 1866.

TABLE XVI.

| Form of Disease. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mania | 23 |
| ,, with Epilepsy | 5 |
| ," Recurrent | 8 |
| ,, Chronic. . | 6 |
| ,, Puerperal .. | 1 |
| " Hysterical with | 1 |
| Melancholia .. | 16 |
| :, Recurrent | 2 |
| Dementia .. | 3 |
| , with Epilepsy | 3 |
| ,, Senile | 1 |
| Imbecility | 6 |
| " with Epilepsy | 6 |
| " Senile .. | 4 |
| ", Congenital with Epilepsy | 1. |
| Total .. | 86 |

TABLE XVIII.

| Duration. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Not exceeding 1 month | 22 |
| , 3 , | 15 |
| ,, 6 ,, . | 8 |
| , 9 , . | 5 |
| , 1 year.. | 6 |
| ", 2 years.. | 3 |
| " 3 , . | 3 |
| , 4 , | 1 |
| " 5 , . | 3 |
|  | 4 |
| ", 7 , . | 1 |
| ", 8 " | 1 |
| " 12 ", | 2 |
| " 13 | 1 |
| Cnknown | 9 |
| From Birth .. | 2 |
| Total .. | 86 |

TABLE XVII.


TABLE XIX.


## TABLES

In continuation of l'ables XVI, XVII, XVIII, and XIX, showing the Occupation, Religion, Education, and Social Condition of the 86 Females who have Died during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

Occupation.
Charwomen .. .. .. 6
Chenille cutter .. .. 1
Domestic Servants .. .. 20
Dressmakers.. .. .. 3
Hawker .. .. .. 1
Needlewnmen .. .. 5
Prostitute .. .. .. 1
Shopwoman .. .. .. 1
Waitress .. .. .. 1
Washerwomen .. .. 2
Weavers .. .. .. 2
Daughter of Actor .. .. 1
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { ", Combmaker } & \text {.. } & 1 \\ \text { " } & \text { Farm Bailiff .. } & 1\end{array}$
", Musician .. 1
Widow of Baker .. .. 1
Shipwright .. 1
Wife" of Blacksmith.. $\quad . .1$
Bricklayer.. .. 1
Carman .. .. 1
Carpenters. . .. 4
Clerk .. .. 1
Engine-driver .. 1
House-decorator .. 1
Journeyman-baker . 1
Labourers . . .. 4
Painter .. .. 1
Pocket Book Maker 1
Policeman.. .. 1
Sawyer .. .. 1
", Smith .. .. 1
", Wine Cooper .. 1
Not ascertained .. .. 16
Total .. .. 86


## TABLE XX.

## Causes of the Mental Diseases in the 86 Cases of Deaths during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

## FEMALES.

Moral.


Physical。


Moral .. .. .. 6
Physical.. .. .. 23
Not ascertained .. 57
Total .. .. 86

## TABLE XXI.

Length of time that the 1,087 Patients who have Died from the Opening of the Institution to the 31st December, 1867, had been under Treatment in the Asylum.

| Time of Treatment. |  |  |  |  |  | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not exceed |  | Week | - | . | . | 18 |
| " |  | Weeks | . | - |  | 22 |
| " |  | Month | - | . | . | 38 |
| " |  | Months | . | . | . | 116 |
| " | 6 | " | . | . | . | 89 |
| , | 9 | " | - | . | - | 68 |
| " |  | Year | . | . | . | 54 |
| " | 2 | Years | . | . | . | 152 |
| " | 3 | " | . | . | . | 99 |
| " | 4 | " | - | - | - | 69 |
| " | 5 | " | - | - | - | 79 |
| " | 6 | " | - | . | - | 68 |
| " | 7 | " | . | . | - | 41 |
| " | 8 | " | - | . | - | 46 |
| " | 9 | " | . | . | - | 31 |
| " | 0 | " | . | . | . | 23 |
| " | 1 | " | . | . | - | 20 |
| " | 2 | " | - | - | . | 6 |
| " |  | " | . | - | - | 16 |
| " |  | " | . | . | - | 11 |
| " |  | " | . | . |  | 8 |
| " |  | " | . | - |  | 12 |
| " | 7 | " | . | . |  | 1 |
|  |  | Total | . | - | . | 1,087 |

## TABLE XXII.

Causes of the Deaths of the 86 Patients during the Year ending December 31st, 1867.

FEMALES.


## TABLE XXIII.

Form of Disease in the Cases of the 1,215 Female Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.


TABLE XXIV.
Duration of Insanity prior to Admission in the Cases of 1,215 Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.

| DURATION. |  | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Not exceeding | 3 months | 473 |
| ", | 6 " | 69 |
| " | 9 " | 55 |
| " | 1 year | 46 |
| , | 2 years | 103 |
| " | 3 ", | 44 |
| " | 4 " | 44 |
| " | 5 " | 32 |
| " | 6 , | 34 |
| " | 7 " | 37 |
| " | 8 " | 28 |
| " | 9 ", | 11 |
| , 10 | 10 " | 18 |
| ", 1 | 11 ", | 9 |
| " 12 | 12 " | 5 |
| " 13 | 13 " | 8 |
| " | 14 ", | 3 |
| " 15 | 15 " | 3 |
| " 1 | 16 , | 3 |
| " | 17 " | 3 |
| " | 18 , | 3 |
| " | 19 , | 1 |
| " | 20 " | 6 |
| " | 21 ", | 5 |
| " | 22 " | 2 |
| " | 23 " | 5 |
| " | 24 " | 1 |
| , 27 | 27 " | 1 |
| ', | 29 " | 2 |
| " | 37 ", | 3 |
| " | 40 | 1 |
| Many years ... <br> From Birth ... <br> Not ascertained | ... | 11 |
|  | ... | 33 |
|  | ... | 113 |
| Total ... |  | 1,215 |

TABEE XXV.
Ages of the 1,215 Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.


TABLE XXVI.
Length of Time that the 1,215 Patients remaining on the 31st December, 1867, have been in the Asylum.

| TIME. | Femates. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Not exceeding 3 months... | 34 |
| ", 6 , | 26 |
| ,, 9 ,, ... | 32 |
| ", $\quad 1$ year ... | 26 |
| " 2 years ... | 73 |
| " 3 " ... | 88 |
| $" \quad{ }_{5}^{4} \quad$ ", ${ }^{4}$ | 68 |
| ", 6 \% ", | 76 |
| " ${ }^{\prime}$ | 93 |
| " $8_{9}$ " | 89 |
| " 90 | 194 |
| " 10 " | 25 |
| " 11 ", ... | 30 |
| " 12 ", | 21 |
| " 13 " | 11 |
| " 14 " | 22 |
| ", 16 ", | 48 |
| " 17 ", | 177 |
| Total . | 1,215 |

OC'CUPATIONS of the 1,215 Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.
Artificial Flower Makers ..... 3
Bakcr ..... 1
Bonnet Makers ..... 2
Bonnct Shape Maker ..... 1
Bookbinder ..... 1
Bookfolders ..... 9
Bookseller's Assistant ..... 1
Bootbinders ..... 5
Brace Maker ..... I
Braider ..... 1
Brush Drawers ..... 3
Button Coverer ..... 1
Cane Chair Bottomer ..... 1
Cap Makers ..... 2
Charwomen ..... 31
Cloth Cap Maker ..... 1
Coke Dealer ..... 1
Costermongers ..... 4
Crossing Sweeper ..... 1
Dairy women ..... 2
Daughter of Brewer ..... 1
" Engineer ..... 1
," Fishmonger
Gold WireDrawer .. 1
Knife Grinder ..... 1
Daughters of Letter Carriers ..... 2
Daughter of Porter. ..... 1
Seaman ..... 1
" Shoemaker
1
1
", Surgeon ..... 1
Upholsterer ..... 1
Draper's Assistant ..... 1
Dressmakers ..... 31
Dresser of New Goods, \&c. ..... 1
Embroideress ..... 1
Envelope Folder ..... 1
Envelope stamper ..... 1
Fancy Card Box Maker ..... 1
Fringe Maker ..... 1
Fruitsellers ..... 3
Gardenwoman ..... 1
Gentlewomen ..... 2
Glove Cleaner ..... 1
Glove Maker . ..... 1
Governesses ..... 16
Hawkers ..... 7
Householder ..... 1
Housekeepers ..... 6
Labourers in Lead Factory ..... 2
Labourer in Warehouse ..... 1
Lady's Maid ..... 1
Brought forward ..... 164
Laundresses ..... 19
Ledger and Vellum Sewer ..... 1
Lodging House Keepers ..... 2
Lucifer Box Makers ..... 2
Manglers ..... 2
Mantle Maker ..... 1
Milliners ..... 7
Music String Maker ..... 1
Nursery Governess ..... 1
Needlewomen ..... 91
Nurses ..... 7
Oil Shop Keeper ..... 1
Oyster Seller ..... 1
Pen Cutter ..... 1.
Pocket Book Maker ..... 1
Prostitntes ..... 5
Rag Merehant ..... 1.
Rush Splitter ..... 1
School Mistresses ..... 2
" Teachers ..... 4
Servants ..... 272
Ship's Stewardess ..... 1
Shirt Makers ..... 5
Shoebinders ..... 7
Shoe Closer ..... 1
Silk Dyer ..... 1
"Weavers ..... 2
,, Winders ..... 3
Staymakers ..... 2
Tailoresses ..... 10
Tambour Workers ..... 4
Tassel Maker ..... 1
Teaeher of Musie ..... 1
Tobaeeo Stripper ..... 1
Toy Maker ..... 1
Truss Coverer ..... 1
Upholsteress ..... 1
Waisteoat Maker ..... 1
Waitress ..... 1
Washerwomen ..... 15
Weavers ..... 8
Widow of Bootmaker ..... 1
Carpenter ..... 1
Coachmaker
Coachmaker ..... 1 ..... 1
" Coachm ..... 1
" Medical Prac-
titioner ..... 1
Publieau ..... 1
Solieitor ..... 1
Wife of Aecountants ..... 2
, Assistant-Surgeon ..... 1


## W. G. MARSHALL,

Medical Superintendent,
Female Department.

Social Condition, Religion, and Degree of Education of the 1,215 Female Patients remaining in the Asylum on the 31st December, 1867.

| Social Condition. | Females. | Religion. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Married. . | 380 | Established Church | 478 |
| Single .. .. | 680 | Protestants .. | 354 |
| Widows | 126 | Roman Catholics | 169 |
| Not known |  | Dissenters | 35 |
|  |  | Hebrews | 16 |
| Total .. | 1,215 | Wesleyans .. | 18 |
|  |  | Independents .. | 12 |
|  |  | Baptists. . | 9 |
| Degree of Education. | Females. | Calvinists .. | 4 |
|  |  | Primitive Methodists . . | 3 |
|  |  | Presbyterians .. | 5 |
| Educated | 78 | Scotch Church.. | 2 |
| Read and Write | 633 | Congregationalist | 1 |
| Read | 279 | Unitarian .. | 1 |
| Uneducated | 220 | Mormon | 1 |
| Not known | 5 | Not known | 107 |
|  |  | Total | 1,215 |
| Total .. | 1,215 |  |  |

[^0]
## THE CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

## TO THE COMMITIEE OF VISITORS.

$$
\text { January, } 1868 .
$$

Gentlemen,
The very brief period of time during which I have been in office as Chaplain, will, I feel assured, be accepted as an apology for the scantiness of my first Report.

When you did me the honour to elect me to the Chaplaincy of your Asylum on the 8th of October, it was arranged that I might defer entering upon the discharge of my duties until the commencement of December, as I could not earlier vacate my post as Chaplain of the Sussex County Lunatic Asylum at Hayward's Heath.

On Advent Sunday, December 1st, I began my ministrations by performing the Moruing and Evening Services, and an Evening Service for the Household. At the end of that week I came into residence, and on Sunday, the 8th, the regular performance of my functions commenced. From that time, three Sunday Services have been solemnized, and the Daily Morning and Evening Prayers have been regularly read.

Holy Communion was celebrated in Chapel on the first Sunday in December, and on Christmas Day.

The Wards on both the Male and Female sides of the House have been frequently visited, with the exception of
certain Wards indicated by the Medical Superintendent of the Male Department as unsuited for ministerial visits. In the course of my rounds I have conversed with many Patients, and ministered, as occasion offered, to several sick and bed-ridden persons.

By reference to the Burial Register, it appears that 115 interments have taken place in the past year; at six of these I have officiated. In accordance with the expressed wish of the Visitors, the Psalms and Lesson in the Burial Office will in future be read in the Chapel previously to the saying of the Sentences and Prayers in the Cemetery. This arrangement will secure the use of the entire Service, and will no doubt be consolatory to mourners.

The Library Books have been distributed to various applicants. Attendance is daily given for this purpose in the forenoon. Weekly and monthly Periodicals have been circulated, but I shall endeavour to foilow more exactly the discriminating method organized and carried out by the late Chaplain for supplying the Wards with Serials according to their respective requirements.

I here feel bound to acknowledge the courtesy and kindness of the Rev. W. Bullock, for readily furnishing me, at the cost of some personal trouble, with copious information on numerous matters relating to the discharge of the Chaplain's office. Both the general directions and the particular details supplied by him have afforded valuable guidance.

My best thanks are due to the Visitors, to both the Medical Superintendents, and to the other officers, for the encouragement and welcome extended to me on joining the Staff of this Asylum. I venture to hope that any inconvenience that may have arisen from the imperfect discharge
of my duties, will be excused on account of my inexperience in my present office.

Any future Report that I may have the honour to submit to the Committee of Visitors, will, I trust, from the greater completeness of its statements, be found more worthy of their perusal.

I am, Gentlemen, Very faithfully yours,

HENRY HAWKINS, M.A., Chaplain of the Middlesex County Lunatic Asylum, Colney Hatch.

To
The Committee of Visitors
of the Middlesex County Lunatic
Asylum, Colney Hatch.

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## THE STEWARD'S REPORT.

1st January, 1868.
My Lord and Gentlemen,
I beg to submit the usual annual Farm Accounts and Returus, showing the estimated profit arising from the farm, and giving a description of the work performed by the various trades pursued at the Asylum, and the value of their earnings.

It is estimated that there is a balance of $\mathfrak{x} 8617 \mathrm{~s}$. in favour of the farm, which is obtained principally by the supply of milk and vegetables to the House.

No case of cattle disease has appeared since the purchase of the present herd of cows, and the stock is healthy.

The increase in the number of horses-viz., from 7 to 8 , as appears in the valuation-in the absence of any charge against the farm for the purchase of an additional horse, would appear to require explanation, did I not state that the horse was the gift of a late Member of the Committee.

A quantity of beef, veal, and pork has been supplied to the House during the year.

All kinds of greens, as also turnips, parsnips, peas and beans, lettuces, and rhubarb have been grown in abundance, and a constant succession of fresh vegetables has been secured.

The estimated earnings of the trades, after deducting wages paid to journeymen, is as follows, viz. :-


All the clothing for the Patients, both for winter and summer, has been made in the Asylum, and also all the repairs.

The whole of the Attendants' uniforms (125 suits) have been made in the tailors' shop.

The repairs of all boots and shoes are done in the shoemakers' shop, and all cloth and canvas boots are made there.

The upholsterers' shop makes all the mattresses, pillows, carpets, strong rugs, sackings, \&c., in use in the Asylum.

I have pleasure in giving a favourable report of the conduct of the Officers and Servants in the Steward's Department, and in stating that no complaint of insubordination or misconduct has been brought under the notice of the Committec.

At the close of the year 1866, the tradesmen and labourers employed by the Asylum formed a Friendly Society, the rules of which were duly certified by the Government Registrar on the 23rd of January in last year. The Society commenced on the 1 st of that month; it now numbers 55 members, some of whom have already received substantial benefits from its funds; and its finances are, I am informed, in a flourishing condition. The members of the Society have frequently expressed to me their feeling of
gratitude to the Committee for the permission granted in February last to hold the monthly meetings of the Society in the Asylum, thereby saving them the expense of hiring a room for that purpose, and keeping them from spending many a shilling which would naturally be the case if their meetings were held at a public-house.

The following improvements have been carried out during the year :-

Additional windows in E 1 and E 2, and doors and windows in E 3 Wards.

A large drain across the Eleven-acre Field, adjoining the Muswell Hill Road, which relieves the boundary wall from the wash of water occasionally running down the ditch on the south side after heavy rains.

Additional lime and plane trees have been planted in the Airing Courts.

Additional baths placed in 11 and D Wards; ventilators and over-head lights in 25 and 28 Wards.

The footpath across the field on the south-east of the Asylum has been re-ballasted, and iron wicket-gates substituted for the old wooden stiles.

> I have the honour to be, My Lord and Gentlemen,
> Your most obedient Servant, GEORGE H. HENDERSON.

> To the Committee of Visitors, Colney Hatch Asylum.

## Colnen latty Midolegex Comty Lunatic Ggulum,


SHOEMAKERS' SHOP.
Account of Patients' Work and Earnings for the Year 1867.

| Articles Made Up. | No. of Articles. | Price of Making per Article. | Value of Work. | Remaris. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men's Leather Shoes .. | 1 | $\begin{array}{cr}s . & d . \\ 3 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}\ddagger & s . & d . \\ 0 & 3 & 0\end{array}$ |  |
| Women's Leather Boots | 1 | 20 | 0. 20 |  |
| ," ," Shoes | 5 | 19 | 0.89 |  |
| Cloth and Canvas Boots | 303 | 20 | $30 \quad 60$ |  |
| Female Attendants' Belts . . | 4 | 04 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ |  |
| Male $\quad$, ", | 10 | $0 \quad 4$ | $0 \quad 34$ |  |
| Leather Gloves ... .. | 3 |  | 030 |  |
| Kepatrs. Boots and Shoes Repaired |  |  |  |  |
| Boots and Soled \& Welted | 5,850 | 0 1 6 | $\begin{array}{rrr}2311 & 4 \\ 438 & 15 & 0\end{array}$ |  |
| Boots Locked and Strapped .. | 1,564 | 0 | $\begin{array}{llll}13 & 0 & 8\end{array}$ |  |
| Attendants' Belts .. .. | 307 | 0 | 2112 |  |
| Leather Gloves $\quad \because \quad .$. | 27 | 06 | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 13 & 6\end{array}$ |  |
| , ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Locked and Strapped | 21 | 02 | 0 |  |
| Deduct Journeymen's Wages .. .. <br> Total.. |  |  | $\begin{array}{rrr}510 & 2 & 7 \\ 303 & 18 & 2\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 20645 |  |

## Colnew 数atcf.

 UPHOLSTERERS' SHOP.Account of Patients' Work and Earnings for the Year 1867.


## Minoleger Countn wunatic agulum,

## COLNEY HATCH.



For the Sick.

| Wine |  |  |  | 6,996 | pints |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brandy | . |  |  | 3,081 | " |
| Gin | . |  |  | 342 | " |
| Porter and Ale | . |  |  | 85,362 | " |
| Fish |  |  |  | 11,241 | No. |
| Biscuits |  |  |  | 6,247 | s |
| Eggs | . | . | - | 67,700 | " |

## GEORGE II. HENDERSON,

Steward.

## 102

GENERAL ACCOUNT.


## Mindleger Counta lumatic gixlum,

## COLNEY HATCH.

## FARM AND GARDEN ACCOUNTP.

Abstract of Receipts and Payments from 1st January to 31st December, 1867.

## RECEIPTS



PAYMENTS.
By Cash for- £ s. $\overline{\text { à }}$ 10 Cows ... ... ... $25310 \quad 0$ Hay, Corn, Straw, Oil Cake, Oats, \&c. ... ... ... $34413 \quad 5$ Seeds ... ... ... ... 2419 3 Carrots ... ... ... ... 5110 0 Implements, Harness, \&c. ... $16 \quad 6 \quad 4$ Wages ... ... ... ... 434147 Incidentals ... ......$\quad 68 \quad 8 \quad 4$
£1,194 111

ROBT. A. BURROWS, Clerk of the Asylum.

Valuation of Stock on Farm.

1st January, 1867. £ s. d. 26 Cows, 1 Bull, and 7 Calves 59900 7 Horses ... ... ... $135 \quad 0 \quad 0$ 131 Pigs ... ... ... $400 \quad 5 \quad 0$ Implements and Harness ... $157 \quad 0 \quad 0$ Corn and Straw in Store ... $10618 \quad 0$ Hay in Store ... ... .. 140 0 0 Mangold in Store ... ... 2100 Wool in Store ... ... 10 0 0

22 Cows, 1 Bull, 4 Heifers and
6 Calves ... ... ... $648 \quad 0 \quad 0$
8 Horses ... ... ... 141 0 0
142 Pigs ... ... ... 286130
Implements and Harness ... $165 \quad 0 \quad 0$
Corn in Store ... ... ... 18150
Hay in Store ... ... ... 90 0 0
Mangold in Store ... ... 40 0 0
Wool in Store ......$\quad$... 10 0. 0 Balance $\quad . . . \quad \ldots \quad 16915 \quad 0$

GEORGE H. HENDERSON,


[^0]:    W. G. MARSHALL,

    Medical Superintendent,

    Female Department.

